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By Terri Shaw and Irwin Goodwin Washington Post Staff Writers

The United States has Haiti through a Miami-based force. concern with close ties to the Jean Claude Duvalier.

ports that the same company, do so," the official said. Aerotrade, has supplied sev-Haiti's small coast guard.

Haitian exiles say they fear U.S. military aid to Haiti,

Military and economic aid to the Caribbean nation was cut off in the early 1960s, officially because it was felt in Washington that the assistance was being misused by the dictatorial regime of President Francois Duvalier.

Duvalier died last April and was succeeded by his son. Most of the thousands of Haitians who fled during the elder Duvalier's government have ignored the younger Duvalier's invitation to return, apparently because they fear that the character of the island's government has not changed.

State Department sources confirmed reports from exiles and others that Aerotrade is registered as Haiti's arms purchasing agent in the United is owned by Luckner Cambronne, Haiti's minister of the interior and defense. Aerotrade owns 30 per cent of Air Haiti, which makes nonscheduled flights between Port au Prince, Miami and Puerto Rico.

A State Department official who asked that his name not be used said Aerotrade was issued licenses during the past two years to export hand guns. semi-automatic rifles, ammunition, and "a couple of armored ing. personnel carri Approved For

Aerotrade Querled

The official said he has quietly resumed issuing licen- queried 'Acrotrade about reses for the sale of arms to ports that the company is also training the Haitian armed

"If they have entered into regime of President-for-Life any agreement to give technical assistance they have to There have also been re-come to us for permission to

The official said he could eral U.S. veterans to train Hai- not "recall" that there was ti's new counterinsurgency: ever a "formal embargo" on force, called the Leopards, and the sale of arms to Haiti by private individuals or companies. However, he admitted the developments may fores that few export licenses were hadow a resumption of official issued after U.S. aid to the regime of Francois Duvalier was suspended.

A source close to the Haitian government said the Caribbean nation had been buying machinery, airplanes, jeeps, half-tracks, guns and spare parts from Aerotrade for about three years.

He said Air Haiti flew the arms from Miami to Haiti along with unfinished textiles, electrical appliances and mechanical parts. The line's two planes are a DC-6 and a lumbering World War II vintage C-46 cargo plane, capable of carrying packaged planes and half-tracks.

activities Aerotrade's Haiti first came to the notice of the foreign press when the 560-man force of Leopards marched in the Nov. 18 Army Day parade. According to States. It shares an office in some reports, U.S. "advisers" Miami with Air Haiti, a two- marched with the antiguerrilla plane cargo line most of which units, and an officer of Aerotrade, James O. Byers, stood laria control since 1963. on the reviewing stand with young President Duvalier and said that the Haitian govern-U.S. Ambassador Clinton H. ment requested "a limited sup-Knox.

A Haitian who was in Port news of the U.S. veterans; training the Leopards was the He said the request was under talk of Port au Prince, and consideration. "everyone thinks the U.S. government has resumed aid."

Haitian government said the capable "of the most elemenpresident of Eerotrade was tary air-sea rescue." Samuel Urrutia and Byers was the vice president.

swered Aerotrade's telephone/ in Miami and identified himself as Urrutia said he was the managing director of Air Haiti, and Byers was president of Acrotrade.

'Business Firm'

Byers refused to answer any questions about the company, saying: "We're nothing but a business firm doing legal business in this country. . . and have for several years."

News of Aerotrade's activities in Haiti has led to speculation that it might be a covert way for the U.S. government to discreetly rearm the Duvalier regime which is still unpopular in Latin America and Joseph and other exiles, among North American liber who asked that their names

source said Aerotrade has coutes." worked for Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, Colombia, Nicaragua and the Dominican Republic-the type of Carib, bean "hot spots" where the CIA has been know to operate. State Department

State Department sources denied any U.S. government involvement with Aerotrade or with the supplying of arms to Haiti, other than the issuance of export licenses.

The sources said U.S. aid to Haiti had been restricted to about \$3 million a year in humanitarian programs like ma-

State Department sources ply of arms, military equip-A Haitian who was in Port ment and credits" from the au Prince at the time said u.S. government last summer.

The Item on Haiti's shop-Attempts to interview Aero- ping list considered most trade officials were frustrat-

which, a source said, are in-

If the United States did approve the request for boats, it However, a man who an was understood, it would be justified on the basis that the boats might be needed to rescue American pilots or sailors in trouble off the coast of Haiti.

> Haitian exiles of various political orientations said they feared weapons sold to the Duvalier regime would be used to put down opposition, and maintain the dictatorship.

> Leo Joseph, editor of Haiti Observateur, an independent exile newspaper published in New York, said the establishment of the Leopards was merely an attempt to improve the image of the Ton-Ton Macoutes, an irregular private "army" which became well known for its brutal methods.

not be published, said many of The well-connected Haitian the Leopards are former "ma-

tian coast guard now consists 37044; CIA4RD₱804Q1604R000900120001-2